Report on Audits Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Reclamation District No. 1600 Woodland, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of Reclamation District No. 1600 as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Trustees Reclamation District No. 1600 Woodland, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Reclamation District No. 1600 as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the results of its operations for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Management has not presented management's discussion and analysis, and the budgetary comparison schedule, that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Perry, Bunch & Johnston, Inc.

Woodland, California June 29, 2020

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2018

ASSETS:	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Cash	\$ 40,233	\$-	\$ 40,233
Other receivables	φ +0,200	φ 143,300	143,300
Prepaid expenses	-	2,331	2,331
Workers compensation deposit	453	-	453
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		105,895	105,895
Total Assets	\$ 40,686	<u>\$ 251,526</u>	\$ 292,212
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,120	\$-	\$ 2,120
Due to related parties	312	-	312
Loans payable		94,390	94,390
Total Liabilities	2,432	94,390	96,822
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION: Fund balance:			
Unreserved	38,254	(38,254)	-
Total Fund Balance	38,254	(38,254)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 40,686		
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets		105,895	105,895
Unrestricted		89,495	89,495
Total Net Position		195,390	195,390
Total Liabilities and Net Position		<u>\$ 251,526</u>	<u>\$ 292,212</u>

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2017

ASSETS:	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Cash	\$ 44,266	\$-	\$ 44,266
Other receivables	φ ++,200 -	Ψ 196,695	196,695
Prepaid expenses	-	2,081	2,081
Workers compensation deposit	511	_,	511
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		112,488	112,488
Total Assets	\$ 44,777	<u>\$ 311,264</u>	<u>\$ 356,041</u>
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 89,276	\$ -	\$ 89,276
Due to related parties	2,183	-	2,183
Total Liabilities	91,459		91,459
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION: Fund balance:			
Unreserved	(46,682)	46,682	
Total Fund Balance	(46,682)	46,682	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 44,777		
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets		112,488	112,488
Unrestricted		152,094	152,094
Total Net Position		264,582	264,582
Total Liabilities and Net Position		\$ 311,264	\$ 356,041

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Assessments	\$ 132,999	\$-	\$ 132,999
Assessments Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 132,999	ء - 2,336	\$ 132,999 2,336
Disaster relief revenue	119,439	(55,731)	63,708
Interest income	958	(00,701)	958
Loan proceeds	146,395	(146,395)	-
F		(110,000)	
Total Revenues	399,791	(199,790)	200,001
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES:			
Depreciation	-	6,593	6,593
Insurance	8,255	(250)	8,005
Memberships	5,706	-	5,706
Payroll - Taxes	1,148	-	1,148
Payroll - Wages	15,000	-	15,000
Professional fees	28,971	-	28,971
Repairs and maintenance	186,911	-	186,911
Miscellaneous	100	-	100
Trustee fees	2,550	-	2,550
Utilities	8,099	-	8,099
Debt service:			
Principal	52,005	(52,005)	-
Interest	6,110		6,110
Total Expenditures/Expenses	314,855	(45,662)	269,193
Change in Fund Balance/Net Position	84,936	<u>\$ (154,128)</u>	(69,192)
Fund Balance/Net Position, Beginning of Year	(46,682)		264,582
Fund Balance/Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 38,254</u>		<u>\$ 195,390</u>

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES:	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Assessments	\$ 132,999	\$-	\$ 132,999
Miscellaneous revenue	106,660	Ψ 21,096	127,756
Disaster relief revenue	-	175,599	175,599
Interest income	1,362		1,362
Total Revenues	241,021	196,695	437,716
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES:			
Capital outlay	4,951	(4,951)	-
Depreciation	-	6,527	6,527
Insurance	7,799	(209)	7,590
Memberships	2,344	-	2,344
Payroll - Taxes	1,152	-	1,152
Payroll - Wages	15,058	-	15,058
Professional fees	58,501	-	58,501
Repairs and maintenance	253,367	-	253,367
Miscellaneous	185	-	185
Trustee fees	2,400	-	2,400
Utilities	45,559		45,559
Total Expenditures/Expenses	391,316	1,367	392,683
Change in Fund Balance/Net Position	(150,295)	<u>\$ 195,328</u>	45,033
Fund Balance/Net Position, Beginning of Year	103,613		219,549
Fund Balance/Net Position, End of Year	\$ (46,682)		\$ 264,582

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY:

Reclamation District No. 1600 (District) was formed to provide levee maintenance and drainage services to the area under its jurisdiction. Landowners within the area pay an annual assessment to the District.

The accompanying statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The financial statements include all activities and functions that comprise the District. The District has no component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the component unit. There are no organizations that fit these criteria. The District is therefore financially accountable solely for its own activities.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION: *Fund Financial Statements:*

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The District uses a single general fund to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The single general fund utilized by the District is a governmental fund. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statements of activities) report information on all activities of the District. The District is a special purpose entity engaged in a single governmental program. The District has no fiduciary funds or component units that are fiduciary in nature.

Property tax assessments levied upon landowners located within District boundaries are the primary revenue source of the District. All revenue of the District, including assessment revenue, is considered to be general revenues. The District has no program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. As a single purpose entity, all expenses of the District are considered to be direct expenses.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. The District had no restricted resources at year-end for all fiscal years presented.

USE OF ESTIMATES:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

OTHER RECEIVABLES:

In fiscal years 2017 and 2018, the District performed emergency repairs and maintenance due to flood damage occurred during fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The District was reimbursed by the State of California Emergency Management Agency for a portion of these repairs, amounting to \$239,307 over the course of 2018 and 2019 fiscal years. The district recognizes income and expenses as of the date expenses were incurred, resulting in receivables of \$175,599 as of June 30, 2017 and \$143,300 as of June 30, 2018. The receivable as of June 30, 2018 contains revenue of \$79,592 recognized within the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

In fiscal year 2017, the district entered into an agreement with PG&E for the easement of land for the placement of a new pipeline. Both parties agreed to the reimbursement of the district's expenses associated with the overview of the project. The district incurred expenses of \$21,096 as of June 30, 2017 and received a reimbursement in the same amount as of June 30, 2018.

CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$750. Such capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets as follows:

Description	Estimated Useful Life
Structures and improvements	50 years
Pumps	25 years

Depreciation expense for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$6,593 and \$6,527, respectively.

ASSESSMENTS:

Property tax assessments are based on the assessed value of parcels of land located within the District's boundaries. Property tax assessments are called in June of each year for collection from landowners on December 1. Assessments are considered delinquent on January 31. It is the policy of the District to place a lien on the property of delinquent landowners upon determining that the assessment will not be timely collected.

INCOME TAX:

The District is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

LONG-TERM DEBT:

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as a liability in the governmentwide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of capital leases and accrued compensated absences.

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. Debt proceeds would be reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

NOTE 2 - CASH:

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District maintains cash balances with financial institutions in accordance with California Government Code. The District has not formally adopted its own deposit and investment policies that limit the District's allowable investments or deposits and that address custodial credit risk. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

DEPOSIT WITH YOLO COUNTY TREASURER:

The District deposits its cash in the Yolo County Treasury. Its total deposits with the County at June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$40,233 and \$44,266, respectively. Funds deposited with the County are part of an investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer. The District's equity in the County's investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of its deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is determined on an amortized cost basis. Accrued interest and realized and unrealized gains, net of expenses, are apportioned to the District each quarter. Income from the County's pooled investments is allocated to the District based on the District's average daily cash balance for each quarter in relationship to the total of the pooled cash and investments.

The County investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The County has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6, Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The Board of Supervisors reviews and approves the investment policy annually. The oversight committee reviews investment activity and results quarterly. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the Board of Supervisors every month. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs, and fair value.

See Yolo County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for more details regarding the County's investment pool, including its investment types, investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

	Balance at July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2018
Structures and improvements	\$ 111,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 111,958
Pumps	101,428			101,428
Total Capital Assets	213,386			213,386
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	33,260	2,536	-	35,796
Pumps	67,638	4,057		71,695
Total Accumulated Depreciation	100,898	6,593		107,491
Total Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	<u>\$ 112,488</u>			<u>\$ 105,895</u>
	Balance at			Balance at
	July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017
Structures and improvements	\$ 107,007	\$ 4,951	\$-	\$ 111,958
Pumps	101,428			101,428
Total Capital Assets	208,435	4,951		213,386
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	30,790	2,470	-	33,260
Pumps	63,581	4,057		67,638
Total Accumulated Depreciation	94,371	6,527		100,898
Total Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ 114,064			\$ 112,488

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, was as follows:

	Balance at 7/1/2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance at 6/30/2018	Due Within One Year
Loans payable	\$ -	\$ 146,395	\$ 52,005	\$ 94,390	\$ 94,390
	Balance at 7/1/2016	Additions	Retirements	Balance at 6/30/2017	Due Within One Year
Loans payable	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -

In July 2017, the District entered into a commercial loan agreement with First Northern Bank to pay vendors for the expenses incurred for the 2017 flood damages while the District awaited FEMA reimbursements. The district's loan was originally for 12 months; however, in July 2018 the District received an extension on the loan maturity to elongate the due date to September 2018. The total advance on the loan was \$146,395, which includes an interest rate of 5 percent. Monthly interest payments were due from the start of the loan with the option to pay off the principle balance any time within the loan term. The outstanding loan balance as of June 30, 2018 was \$94,390.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS: (Continued)

The debt service requirements for the debt are summarized as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Principal Interest	
2019	<u>\$ 94,390</u>	<u>\$ 1,319</u>	<u>\$ 95,709</u>

NOTE 4 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Beginning in late 2010, the District began employing Kyle Lang, son of District Trustee Kent Lang, to provide maintenance services. His wages were \$15,000 and \$15,058 for 2018 and 2017. Additionally, the District paid \$16,665 and \$5,953 during fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, for services provided by a law firm in which the District Secretary is a partner. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, amounts due to related parties totaled \$312 and \$2,183, respectively.

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are provided for through the purchase of commercial insurance including coverage for property, general liability and management liability.

The District has had no significant reduction in insurance coverage from prior years. The District has had no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for the past five years.

NOTE 6 - RECONCILIATION TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$	2018 38,254	2017 \$ (46,682)
Assessments and Other receivables - Receivables that will not be collected within sixty days of the end of the current period are not reported in the governmental fund balance sheets.	Ţ	143,300	196,695
Prepaid expenses - Payments for insurance and memberships are expensed entirely in the period paid for governmental funds. In the statements of net position, payments for insurance and memberships are recorded as an asset and expensed in the period of coverage.		2,331	2,081
Capital assets - Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statements of net position, capital assets are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		105,895	112,488
Long-term liabilities - Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(94,390)	
Net Position Of Governmental Activities	\$	195,390	<u>\$ 264,582</u>

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

NOTE 6 - RECONCILIATION TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS: (Continued)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:

Net Change In Fund Balance - General Fund	2018 \$ 84,936	2017 \$ (150,295)
Assessments and other revenues - Revenues in the statements of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	(53,395)	196,695
Depreciation - In the statements of activities, depreciation expense is recorded; whereas, in governmental funds, the costs of capital outlay have been expensed as incurred.	(6,593)	(6,527)
Insurance and memberships - Payments for insurance and memberships are expensed entirely in the period paid for governmental funds. In the statement of activities, payments for insurance and memberships are expensed in the period of coverage.	250	209
Long-term liabilities - Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(146,395)	-
Debt service - Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statements of activities.	52,005	-
Capital outlay - Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of the assets is allocated to capital.		4,951
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (69,192)	\$ 45,033

NOTE 7 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY:

The District receives a significant amount of revenue from three landowners. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, three landowners accounted for approximately 74% percent of total assessments for each year.

NOTE 8 - JOINT VENTURE:

The District participates in a joint venture under joint powers agreements with Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency (YSGA). The relationship between the District and the JPA are such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

NOTE 8 - JOINT VENTURE: (Continued)

In June 2017, the District joined the newly formed Yolo Subbasin Groundwater Agency, which operates in accordance with a Joint Exercise of Power Agreement between the District, 17 other local agencies located in the Yolo Subbasin of the Sacramento Valley Groundwater Basin and a the Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation. The Agency was established to be the Groundwater Sustainability Agency for the Subbasin to coordinate and administer compliance with the State of California Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). The JPAs are governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The JPA is audited on an annual basis. Audited financial statements can be obtained by YSGA's website at www.yologroundwater.org.

NOTE 9 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Management has considered subsequent events for disclosure in the financial statements through June 29, 2020, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued.